PATENT CLAIMS

- 1. Ion-conductive thermoplastic composition containing a partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol, at least one support electrolyte and at least one plasticiser, characterised in that the partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol is a co-polymer containing the monomer units
 - vinyl acetate
 - vinyl alcohol
 - acetal I from vinyl alcohol and at least one aldehyde with formula I

$$R^1$$
-CHO I

with R^1 : branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms

 acetal II from vinyl alcohol and a carbonyl compound with the formula II

$$R^2C-R^3-Y$$
 \parallel
 O

with $R^2 = H$, branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms,

 R^3 = direct compound, branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms,

aryl radical with 6 to 18 carbon atoms and $Y = -CO_2H$, $-SO_3H$, $-PO_3H_2$.

- 2. Ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1 characterised in that the ratio of the monomer units in the partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol of acetal I to acetal II is 1:1 to 10,000:1.
- 3. Ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1 or 2 characterised in that the partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol contains
 - 0.01 to 5 % by weight of polyvinyl acetate

- 10 to 40 % by weight of vinyl alcohol and
- 40 to 80 % by weight of acetals I and II
- 4. Ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to one of claims 1 to 3 **characterised in that** acid-functionalised aldehydes are used as carbonyl compound of formula II.
- 5. Electrochromic composite system build up of two bodies coated with electrodes, at least one of which is transparent and at least one exhibits an electrochromic film, which are separated by a foil with a composition according to one of claims 1 to 4.
- 6. Electrochromic composite system according to claim 5 characterised in that at least of one the electrochromic films contains metal а polycyanometalate, transition metal oxide conductive polymer modifying the colour on cathodic reduction.
- 7. Electrochromic composite system according to claim 5 characterised in that at least one $\circ f$ the electrochromic films contains а metal polycyanometallate, transition oxide metal conductive polymer modifying the colour on oxidation.
- 8. Process for the production of an ion-conductive foil by extrusion of a mixture of
 - a) 50 90% by weight of a partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol containing the monomer units
 - vinyl acetate
 - vinyl alcohol
 - acetal I from vinyl alcohol and at least one aldehyde with formula I

R¹-CHO

with $R^1\colon$ branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms

- acetal II from vinyl alcohol and a carbonyl compound with the formula ${\tt II}$

$$R^2C-R^3-Y$$
 \parallel
 O

with R^2 = H, branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms,

 ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^3$ = branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms,

aryl radical with 6 to 18 carbon atoms and

 $Y = -CO_2H, -SO_3H, -PO_3H_2$

- b) 10 to 50% by weight of at least one plasticiser and
- c) 0.1 to 25% by weight of at least one support electrolyte
- 9. Process according to claim 8 **characterised in** that the extrusion is carried out under melt fracture conditions.
- 10. Process according to claim 8 characterised in that the foil is embossed on one side or both sides with a roughness of R_2 of 40-120 μm .

Drawings

Fig. 2

Colouring: +1.4V

Decolourising: -1.4V

Abscissa: time/sec

Ordinate: current density / $\mu A \text{ cm}^2$